



Social Science

Name _____

Class _____

Date _____

Section _____

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. The Education Survey of 2003-04 revealed that, the dropout rate from school was the highest in the _____ level.
2. The murder of young brides by the husband and in-laws due to the demand of dowry is called _____.
3. _____ is the act of not treating people equally or with respect.
4. Women's role in families where pottery, weaving, etc. were taught was of _____ nature.
5. Our society has changed a lot for women as a result of their struggle for _____.
6. _____ formulated guidelines in 1997 to protect women against sexual harassment at the workplace and within educational institutions.
7. In our society boys are _____ to think about getting a job that will pay a good salary, so that they can manage their family properly.
8. _____ percent of working women in India are engaged in agricultural work.
9. In the _____ century, many new ideas about education and learning emerged.
10. Rashsundari Devi book titled _____ is the first known autobiography written by an Indian woman.
10. India has a census every ____ years.
11. Generally the warm ocean currents originate near _____.
12. The rhythmic rise and fall of ocean water twice in a day is called _____.
13. The force of tide is used to generate _____.
14. _____ is an artificial enclosure for keeping small house plants.
15. _____ causes evaporation of water vapour.
16. The major sources of fresh water are the rivers, _____ springs and _____.
17. The water of the earth closer to the moon gets pulled under the influence of the moon's _____ and causes high tide.

18. When the sun, the moon and the earth are in the same line and the tides are highest. They are called as _____ tide.
19. High tides help in navigation and _____.
20. The rise and fall of water due to tides is being used to generate _____.
21. The areas where a warm and cold current meet experience _____ weather making it difficult for navigation.
22. Delhi became the capital of a kingdom under the _____.
23. Social and biological differences between women and men are called _____.
24. _____ is a fortified settlement, with soldiers.
25. A mosque is called a _____ in Arabic.

II. Answer the following:

1. What is precipitation?
2. What are the factors affecting the height of the waves?
3. Which factors affect the movement of ocean water?
4. What are tides and how are they caused?
5. What are ocean currents?
6. What is water cycle?
7. Name the coin that was in circulation in Delhi?
8. Name the cities built by Delhi Sultans in Delhi.
9. Who was the most famous Mughal Ruler?
10. Who succeeded Iltutmish to the throne of Delhi?
11. Why did Iltutmish favour Bandagans?
12. Military expeditions into Southern India started during the reign of which Delhi Sultan?
13. Who wrote tawarikh?
14. What were the duties of iqtadars?
15. What challenges are being faced by the women today?
16. Who is Laxmi Lakra? How has she broken a stereotype?
17. How does the society generate pressure to cling to a stereotype?
18. What was the people's view on education of girl child in the 19th century?
19. Who was Rashundari Devi? What is her achievement?
20. Who was Rokeya Sakhawat Hossain and what was her contribution?
21. From which communities & for what reasons girl students dropout from the schools?
22. Discuss the various laws that have been passed with regards to campaigning of women's rights?
23. When and why is the women's day celebrated?